

ITEM 12 POST EXHIBITION - PLANNING PROPOSAL POLICY

On 27 May 2024 Council resolved to place an updated draft Planning Proposal Policy on public exhibition for community and stakeholder feedback. The draft Planning Proposal Policy was exhibited between 24 June and 29 July 2024. A total of three (3) submissions were received.

The purpose of this report is to provide feedback on the public exhibition and recommend that Council adopt an updated Planning Proposal Policy.

RECOMMENDATION

The updated Planning Proposal Policy 2024 be adopted and a notice be placed on Council's Public notices web page.

REPORT AUTHORISATIONS

Report of: Chris Stewart, Manager City Strategy

Authorised by: Linda Davis, Director Planning + Environment - Future City + Neighbourhoods

ATTACHMENTS

- 1 Planning Proposal Policy 2024

BACKGROUND

The Wollongong Local Environmental Plan 2009 (WLEP) applies to the majority of the Wollongong Local Government Area, except for the areas covered by a State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPPs). Land at Sandon Point and Calderwood is zoned under SEPP (Precincts – Regional) 2021 and development within the Port of Port Kembla is controlled under the SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021.

Council can amend the LEP as the need arises, in relation to land zoning or the planning controls (height of buildings, minimum lot size for subdivision, floor space ratio etc). Regular reviews of the LEP on a programmed basis, is the preferred approach. However, Council may also consider requests for LEP amendments where such a change is warranted, via the Planning Proposal process. The assessment of Planning Proposals (including reclassification of Council land) is a core business activity for Council.

On 7 May 2018, Council adopted the Planning Proposal Policy to inform the community about the Planning Proposal process, guide the preparation and submission of Planning Proposal requests and improve the efficiency of assessment. In 2022 the Planning Proposal Policy was reviewed and updated to include a number of procedural changes introduced in the processing of Planning Proposals.

In early 2024 a scheduled review of Council's Planning Proposal Policy was undertaken, and some minor updates were proposed in response to a number of procedural changes introduced in the processing of Planning Proposals, updates to relevant legislation and the adoption of some key Council strategies. The following amendments were proposed -

- 1 References to the NSW Department of Planning updated to reflect a recent departmental name change - Department of Planning, Housing & Infrastructure (DPHI).
- 2 NSW Department of Planning Local Environmental Plan Making Guideline reference: updated Guidelines were introduced in 2023.
- 3 Updating references to Council's strategic documents including: Council's Community Strategic Plan "Our Wollongong Our Future 2032"; Wollongong Housing Strategy (2023); Wollongong Retail and Business Centres Strategy (2023); Wollongong Industrial Lands Review (2024); and Community Participation Plan.
- 4 Reference to the need for a Scoping Proposal moved to the beginning of the Policy to reflect the fact that it is the start of the Planning Proposal request process. The NSW DPHI's Scoping Proposal template is referenced to assist applicants in the preparation of this document.
- 5 Addition of paragraph to acknowledge that Council may seek to be the authorised Local Plan-Making Authority (LPMA) at the Gateway Determination phase.

- 6 Distinction noted between LEPs that involve written amendments and those that are map only amendments, to reflect a change in procedure introduced by the DPHI.
- 7 Updated list of supporting technical studies required, to be consistent with the NSW DPHI's LEP Making Guideline 2023.
- 8 References to Application Form and Checklist removed as Planning Proposal requests are now submitted online via the Planning Portal.
- 9 Mapping data requirements updated.
- 10 Clarification that the date of formal lodgement will be the date on which Council has received all the required information and lodgement fees paid.
- 11 Procedures outlined for any change of proponent or withdrawal of Planning Proposal.

On 27 May 2024, Council considered a report on proposed updates to the Planning Proposal Policy and resolved to place an updated draft Planning Proposal Policy on exhibition for community information and comment. Council resolved that -

- 1 *The updated draft Planning Proposal Policy be exhibited for a minimum period of 28 days for community comment.*
- 2 *A post exhibition report be prepared for Council's consideration.*

The updated draft Planning Proposal Policy was exhibited between 24 June and 29 July 2024.

PROPOSAL

As a consequence of the exhibition three submissions were received, as summarised in the following table:

1 Endeavour Energy

Policy Section	Submission	Council Officer Response
"The following Planning Proposal requests will generally not be supported by Council..."	Can "electricity" also be specifically included as a utility, as follows: "requests that will result in unacceptable demands on utilities and services, such as sewerage, water, <u>electricity</u> , transport etc"	Agreed – electricity added
List of supporting technical studies to be completed by a suitably qualified expert to demonstrate the capacity of the land...	Does "Infrastructure Servicing Strategy" include utilities such as electricity?	The availability and capacity of the electricity network is an important part of an Infrastructure Servicing Strategy. A reference to the Department of Planning publication "Local Environmental Plan Making Guideline 2023 - Attachment C" has been added, which details/clarifies the requirements under each heading. The "Infrastructure Servicing Strategy" section in the Department's Guideline Attachment C specifically references "electricity" in the detailed requirements under this heading.

2 Community Submissions (2)

Policy Section	Submission	Council Officer Response
<p>How to lodge a Planning Proposal request</p>	<p>Against the proposal to remove requirement for landowner consent authorising the lodgement of the Planning Proposal request. Risk of legal disputes and “implied contracts” in the event a 3rd party lodges a Planning Proposal without landowner written consent or knowledge. Council should protect itself and landowners by retaining requirement for written landowner consent in the lodgement of Planning Proposals.</p>	<p>From July 2022, all proponent led Planning Proposal requests are to be submitted and processed through the DPHI Planning Portal. The Planning Portal registers and tracks Planning Proposals and also standardises the referral process to State agencies.</p> <p>This requirement renders Council’s Application Form (which required landowner consent authorising the lodgement of the Planning Proposal request and the eventual making of a draft LEP over the subject land) and accompanying Checklist redundant.</p> <p>There is no legal requirement for landowner consent to lodge a Planning Proposal request on the Planning Portal (unlike Development Applications). Council’s preference, however, is for all affected landowners to be aware of any such proposals. Council’s non-statutory notification period ensures all affected landowners are advised of a Planning Proposal request and able to have input.</p> <p>No proposed change to the exhibited draft Planning Proposal Policy.</p>
<p>N/A</p>	<p>Request to change the zoning at the southern end of Kembla Street Wollongong from E3 Productivity Support to R2 Low Density Residential to allow for old houses to be demolished and build new houses / duplexes / townhouses.</p>	<p>This is outside of the scope of this Policy, which provides for the process relating to Planning Proposals. This policy review is not an opportunity to consider rezoning requests. However, the following commentary is provided in relation to the matter raised.</p> <p>The two most southern blocks of Kembla Street are zoned E3 Productivity Support on the eastern side and R2 Low Density Residential on the western side. The key objective of the E3 zone is to provide for a range of facilities and services, light industrial warehouses and offices.</p> <p>The properties located in this zone predominantly reflect the zone objectives, with uses including workshops, offices, warehouses,</p>

Policy Section	Submission	Council Officer Response
		<p>showrooms and indoor recreation/training. This area is also flood affected.</p> <p>The planning controls of this precinct were reviewed by the Industrial Lands Review (2024), with no changes proposed to the current E3 zoning. The Review highlighted increased pressure to rezone industrial land for alternate uses, and noted the importance of light industrial and employment uses in this precinct.</p> <p>The planning controls will be considered as part of the Wollongong CBD Surrounds Review which will be prepared over the next two years.</p> <p>As the rezoning suggestion is outside the scope of the policy review, no proposed change to the exhibited draft Planning Proposal Policy.</p>

3 Council Staff Suggestions

During the public exhibition period, comments were also received from various divisions across Council. As a result of this feedback the following updates were additionally incorporated into the draft Planning Proposal Policy:

Policy Section	Suggested Updates to be Incorporated
<p>“The following Planning Proposal requests will generally not be supported by Council...”</p>	<p>The exhibited Planning Proposal Policy currently includes the following under the heading of Planning Proposal requests that will generally not be supported – “increasing residential density in medium and high flood hazard areas ie within the 1% AEP flood level”.</p> <p>Recent updates to NSW Flood Policy, including the Flood Risk Management Manual & associated toolkit (2023) and a new Planning Circular “<i>Addressing Flood Risk in Planning Decisions</i>” (2024), recommend replacing the above current wording to reflect recent Policy updates, as follows:</p> <p>“proposing development in floodway and high hazard areas, and/or permitting a significant increase in the dwelling density of land within the flood planning area, and for areas between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood”.</p>
<p>Lodgement of appropriate supporting technical studies completed by suitably qualified experts...</p>	<p>Council has been asked on previous occasions to consider draft technical reports – the recommendation is to require these reports to be submitted in final form.</p> <p>Suggestion to include the following note:</p> <p>“The supporting technical studies are to be submitted as Final reports (draft reports will not be accepted)”.</p>

Policy Section	Suggested Updates to be Incorporated
Lodgement of appropriate supporting technical studies completed by suitably qualified experts...	<p>The exhibited Planning Proposal Policy currently includes as point g. “European Heritage Assessment & Aboriginal Heritage Archaeological & Landscape Assessment”.</p> <p>Suggestion to clarify that two separate documents are required -</p> <p><i>i A Historic Heritage Assessment; and</i></p> <p><i>ii An Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Assessment Report and accompanying Archaeological Assessment.</i></p> <p>Suggestion to insert the following note: <i>“Two copies of any Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Assessment Report and Archaeological Assessment are to be provided -</i></p> <p><i>1 A complete document including all maps and Aboriginal Site Information (labelled Staff Assessment and Technical Referral Version).</i></p> <p><i>2 A second copy with all sensitive information revealing specific Aboriginal site locations and coordinates redacted (labelled Public Exhibition Version).”</i></p>
4. Mapping data details	<p>Suggestion to improve clarity by the addition of the following:</p> <p>Mapping data is to be supplied in <i>shapefile</i> format (<i>.shp</i>) compatible with <i>ArcGIS</i>.</p>

As shown above, the public exhibition has resulted in some further minor recommended additions to the Policy, to assist in better explaining or clarifying the Planning Proposal request process. The proposed updated Planning Proposal Policy as a result of the exhibition is included as Attachment 1.

CONSULTATION AND COMMUNICATION

The updated draft Planning Proposal Policy was exhibited between 24 June and 29 July 2024. The public exhibition was advertised through Council’s website and in the Illawarra Mercury newspaper. A copy of the suite of documents was available for viewing on Council’s website, in all Council libraries and in Council’s Administration Building.

The following key stakeholders and organisations were notified of the public exhibition by email -

- All active Neighbourhood Forums.
- Northern Illawarra Action Group.
- Keiraville Residents Action Group.
- NSW Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure.
- Endeavour Energy.
- Transport for NSW.
- Sydney Water.
- Water NSW.
- Property Council of Australia – Illawarra.
- Urban Development Institute of Australia (UDIA) NSW – Illawarra.

The suite of documents included in the public exhibition was as follows –

- Council Report and Minutes (27 May 2024).
- Updated draft Planning Proposal Policy.

As a result of the public exhibition the website page received 104 views, with 49 people downloading at least one document. A total of three submissions were received (2 community and one from Endeavour Energy).

PLANNING AND POLICY IMPACT

This report contributes to the delivery of Our Wollongong Our Future 2032 Community Goal 1 “*We value and protect our environment*”, and specifically to the following actions –

- Prepare Local Environmental Plans and Development Control Plans, which enable the community’s goals for liveability, sustainability and amenity.
- Prepare and assess Planning Proposals which change how land can be used and developed.

CONCLUSION

A review of Council’s Planning Proposal Policy has been undertaken and some minor updates recommended in response to several procedural changes introduced in the processing of Planning Proposals, updates to relevant legislation and the adoption of some key Council strategies. The public exhibition has also resulted in some further recommended additions to the Policy.

This report recommends that Council adopt the updated Planning Proposal Policy 2024 (Attachment 1).



PLANNING PROPOSAL COUNCIL POLICY

ADOPTED BY COUNCIL: XXX 2024

PURPOSE

This policy aims to inform the community about the Planning Proposal process, guide applicants and improve the efficiency of assessment.

POLICY INTENT

This policy has been developed in order to guide the preparation and submission of Planning Proposal requests.

A request to change the zoning, permitted land uses or development standards applicable to a parcel of land (height of buildings, minimum lot size for subdivision, floor space ratio etc) is a formal process that amends the statutory planning controls contained in the Local Environmental Plan.

The main objectives of this policy are to:

- Outline what is a planning proposal and what is its purpose;
- The steps in the planning proposal process;
- Consideration of planning proposal requests;
- Information to be submitted in a planning proposal request; and
- The fees applicable to a planning proposal.

OUR WOLLONGONG OUR FUTURE 2032 COMMUNITY STRATEGIC PLAN

This policy relates to Wollongong 2032 Goal 1 “We value and protect our environment”, and specifically to the following actions:

- Prepare Local Environmental Plans and Development Control Plans, which enable the community’s goals for liveability, sustainability and amenity; and
- Prepare and assess Planning Proposals which change how land can be used and developed.

POLICY

Amending a Local Environmental Plan (LEP) – Planning Proposal Request

A request to amend the zoning of land, the development standards applying to land, or the permitted land uses is known as a planning proposal and is undertaken through the Gateway process under the NSW planning legislation. Council or a Government agency can initiate a planning proposal based on a strategic direction or policy, or a land owner may request Council to consider the preparation of an amendment.

To amend an existing LEP, an application needs to be made to Council in the form of a “**Planning Proposal Request**”. The Planning Proposal Request explains the intended effect of the proposed LEP amendment (change) and the reasons or justification for making it. The planning proposal request must include appropriate supporting material or investigations. The preparation of a planning proposal is the first step in the process of amending a LEP.

Rezoning requests must be justified, having regard to Council’s strategic plans and policies, and the NSW Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure’s Regional Strategy, the Illawarra Shoalhaven Regional Plan 2041. A Planning Proposal request must be referred to the Wollongong Local Planning Panel for advice prior to being formally considered at a Council meeting. Council officers prepare reports

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to the Wollongong Local Planning Panel and Council on the merits of the proposal, noting that the Environmental Planning and Assessment (Statement of Expectations) Order 2024 2024 outlines performance indicators for the assessment of Planning Proposals, as well as strategic planning obligations.

Proponents must discuss any request with a Council Officer from the Land Use Planning team prior to formally lodging a Planning Proposal request and incurring the associated costs. A Scoping Proposal must be submitted to Council with a request for a pre-lodgment meeting. The Environmental Plan Making Guideline (NSW Department of Planning) contains a template as Attachment A, setting out the information required to be included in a Scoping Proposal. It is also recommended that consultation with surrounding residents be undertaken to inform the preparation of the Planning Proposal request.

The applicant is required to lodge a Planning Proposal with the Council via the online NSW Planning Portal and pay the necessary Planning Proposal fee. Council officers will undertake an adequacy assessment within 14 days. Requests that are incomplete will not be accepted. This is not a merit assessment on the request.

Once lodged and accepted, preliminary consultation may be undertaken in accordance with Council's Community Participation Plan to inform the preparation of the report, depending on the complexity of the proposal. Council will prepare an exhibition web page for each Planning Proposal request. Any additional studies or supporting information lodged subsequently during the process will be made available on the web page.

A Council resolution is required to support an application to change the zoning, permitted land uses or development standards applicable to a parcel of land. It should be noted, however, that a Council resolution to prepare a planning proposal or an amendment to the LEP does not necessarily guarantee that the proposed amendment will proceed.

If supported by Council, the planning proposal is then referred to the NSW Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure to go through the *Gateway determination process*. The "Gateway" process allows a planning proposal to be reviewed at an early stage to make a decision whether to proceed further. When submitting a Planning Proposal for a Gateway Determination, Council must indicate whether they will or will not be seeking to be authorised as the Local Plan-Making Authority (LPMA). At the Gateway determination, the Department of Planning will decide whether the proposal has merit and is justified on planning grounds, whether further technical studies must be undertaken, who is the Local Plan-Making Authority and the statutory consultation required. Any proposed amendment to the LEP requires community consultation, such as public exhibition or in the case of a reclassification of land, an additional public hearing process. *Council Reference Groups or Advisory Committees will be notified when relevant Planning Proposals are placed on exhibition and the community representatives / interest groups will be invited to make individual submissions.*

Following exhibition, Council considers a report on submissions and should the resolution be to finalise the Planning Proposal, Parliamentary Counsel then prepares the amending LEP for LEPs that involve written amendments, and the Department of Planning will draft LEPs for map only amendments. With the Minister's (or delegates) approval the amending LEP becomes law and is notified on the NSW Legislation website.

It should be noted that in certain circumstances an alternative Planning Proposal Authority can be appointed at the discretion of the Minister.

The proponent and those making submissions are advised of Council report dates and resolutions through the process and given the opportunity to address Councillors at Council meetings through the Public Access Forum. Should Council initially resolve not to support a planning proposal request, the proponent can request an independent review of Council's decision through the "Rezoning Review" mechanism.

An online tracking system hosted by the NSW government "Planning Proposals Online" is available for any person to follow the progress of a Planning Proposal once it has been submitted to the NSW Planning Portal.

Consideration of Planning Proposal Requests

Applications to rezone land or change development standards or permitted uses are generally not encouraged by Council and should only be submitted in the following circumstances:

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- Where land cannot be reasonably developed or used under the existing zoning or controls;
- Where it is necessary to correct an error or anomaly (eg mapping);
- Where there is a sound strategic argument for an amendment, based on consistency with Council's Strategic Plan Our Wollongong Our Future 2032, the Regional Strategy – the Illawarra Shoalhaven Regional Plan 2041, Council's Local Strategic Planning Statement (2020), Wollongong Housing Strategy (2023), Wollongong Retail and Business Centres Strategy (2023), Wollongong Industrial Lands Review (2024), or similar strategy or policy;
- Where the proposed amendment is considered to be minor in nature, has strategic merit, and has been sufficiently justified;
- Where development of land in accordance with the existing zoning would not be in the public interest.

The following Planning Proposal requests will generally not be supported by Council:

- requests that are not supported by an endorsed local or regional strategy, plan or policy and are considered speculative;
- the rezoning of single properties to increase housing density;
- increasing housing in the Illawarra Escarpment, except where implementing an adopted strategy
- permitting housing within C2 Environmental Conservation zoned land or increased housing in C3 Environmental Management zoned land;
- ~~increasing residential density in medium and high flood hazard areas (ie within the 1% AEP flood level)~~ **proposing development in floodway and high hazard areas, and/or permitting a significant increase in dwelling density of land within the flood planning area, and for areas between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood;**
- proposing the loss of employment or industrial land;
- proposing the linear expansion of town centres;
- requests that will result in land uses or development intensification that is beyond the capability of the land or incompatible with important environmental values and/or constraints; and
- requests that will result in unacceptable demands on utilities and services, such as sewerage, water, **electricity**, transport etc.

It is necessary to prioritise the processing of planning proposal requests to ensure those providing the greatest public benefit are given preference over those serving individual interest or are of limited benefit to the greater Wollongong community. As a guide, the following would be given priority:

- Contributes to economic growth and promotes sustainable practice;
- Significant employment generating development;
- Provision of high quality, appropriately located housing accessible to the broader and lower income community;
- Education, medical or community facilities and services;
- Commercial or retail development in accordance with an adopted Council or State Government strategy;
- Preservation and conservation of the environment;
- Reducing an identified conflict between incompatible land uses;
- Improving tourism opportunities; and
- Implementing endorsed Council Strategies or Concept Plans (eg West Dapto Amendments).

Some areas will have Strategies, Masterplans or Concept Plans requiring that a Planning Proposal request address certain criteria, for example the demonstration of an improved environmental outcome associated with proposed development.

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Planning Proposal Request: Information to be submitted

A Planning Proposal must be prepared in accordance with Section 3.33 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and relevant Department of Planning and Environment's guidelines including the "Local Environmental Plan Making Guideline" (2023).

Section 3.33 of the Act outlines that a planning proposal must include the following components:

- (a) A **statement** of objectives or intended outcomes of the proposal.
- (b) An **explanation** of the provisions of the proposal.
- (c) A **justification** for those objectives and outcomes, including how it is to be implemented – details on why Council should support the change in zoning or development standards and compliance with relevant directions under Section 9.1
- (d) **Maps** containing the appropriate detail are to be submitted, including site map; land use zonings; land constraints such as flood risk, bushfire, heritage areas etc.
- (e) Details of the **community consultation** to be undertaken.

The Planning Proposal is structured as a number of statements and questions which must be responded to with accurate, current and sufficient information to allow assessment of the proposal by Council officers, Councillors and the Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure.

The Planning Proposal must contain sufficient detail to demonstrate that relevant environmental, social, economic and other site-specific matters have been identified and if necessary that any issues can be addressed with additional information and/or through consultation with agencies and the community. The level of detail required in a Planning Proposal should be proportionate to the complexity of the proposed amendment, recognising that a Planning Proposal must provide enough information to determine whether there is strategic merit in the proposed amendment and to demonstrate compliance with relevant statutory considerations.

A Planning Proposal request may be accompanied by a proposal to enter into a Planning Agreement under Section 7.4 of the EP&A Act under which a material public benefit will be provided. Council's policy on Planning Agreements sets out Council's approach to the use of Planning Agreements through negotiation when considering planning proposals.

In order for Council officers, Councillors and the Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure to ascertain the appropriateness of the Planning Proposal, the constraints on site must be identified, and any proposed development on site will need to have consideration to these constraints. Any proposed intensification of land use will require identification of any environmental and physical constraints such as flood affectation, land stability, contamination, natural environment, bush fire, heritage and scenic landscape considerations. The proposed impacts on traffic and transport, town services and infrastructure also require consideration.

Where the Planning Proposal is seeking to rezone to residential or uplift the density of residential land, the application is to be accompanied by a Residual Land Value of the site under both the existing and proposed planning controls. This is to assess the "uplift" to enable an Affordable Housing contribution to be determined.

How to Lodge a Planning Proposal Request

The following is required to be lodged with Council via the online NSW Planning Portal along with the necessary Planning Proposal fee, as part of any planning proposal request:

- 1 Justification for the planning proposal, including:
 - a The need for the Planning Proposal;
 - b Relationship to strategic framework – how is the planning proposal consistent with legislation and statutory requirements such as section 9.1 Directions and State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPPs), regional strategies and Council endorsed policies, strategies and locality Concept Plans (eg Council's Community Strategic Plan and Local Strategic Planning Statement);
 - c The context of the planning proposal – if the planning proposal implements the outcomes of a

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strategic study or report (a copy of the study or report to be submitted with the planning proposal request); and Potential economic, social and environmental impacts of the planning proposal and how they are proposed to be managed – positive and negative impacts should be identified, including proposed methods of amelioration where negative impacts are likely.

2 Appropriate supporting technical studies completed by suitably qualified experts to demonstrate the capacity of the land, concept diagrams, preliminary plans and illustrative maps. **NOTE: The supporting technical studies are to be submitted as Final Reports (draft reports will not be accepted).** The level of detail will be proportionate to the impact the planning proposal is likely to have. This may include (but is not limited to) the following technical issues/considerations (please refer to the Department of Planning publication “*Local Environmental Plan Making Guide 2023 - Attachment C*” for detailed requirements):

- a. Urban Design Study
- b. Ecologically Sustainable Development Strategy
- c. Flood Impact & Risk Assessment
- d. Water Cycle & Stormwater Management Strategy
- e. Bushfire Risk Assessment
- f. Traffic, Mobility & Transport Strategy
- g. European Heritage Assessment & Aboriginal Heritage Archaeological & Landscape Assessment
 - i. [A Historic Heritage Assessment](#); and
 - ii. [An Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Assessment Report and accompanying Archaeological Assessment](#).

NOTE: Two copies of any Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Assessment Report and Archaeological Assessment are to be provided – the first a complete document including all maps and Aboriginal site information (labelled - *Staff Assessment and Technical Referral Version*) and the second copy with sensitive information revealing specific Aboriginal site locations and coordinates redacted (labelled - *Public Exhibition Version*).
- h. Biodiversity Assessment
- i. Contamination & Acid Sulphate Soil Assessment
- j. Social & Community Assessment
- k. Infrastructure Servicing Strategy
- l. Economic & Retail Analysis
- m. Acoustic Report
- n. Agricultural Assessment
- o. Geotechnical Report
- p. Visual Impact Assessment
- q. Consistency with Council Strategies & Concept Plans

NOTE: The Gateway determination may require additional information.

- 3 The submission of all documentation in electronic format (PDF). All documentation will need to be uploaded on Council’s website for consultation and therefore should be kept under 50MB (noting that files over 10MB generally cannot be emailed). Wherever possible, a suite of documents should be combined into one file (while keeping under the 50MB guide).
- 4 Mapping data is to be supplied in [shapefile](#) format ([.shp](#)) compatible with Arc GIS.

To ensure transparency in Council’s decision-making functions, any application which is made by a Council employee / Councillor and/or their immediate relative/s, will be referred to an independent consultant for assessment.

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For more information proponents should refer to the Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure's publication "Local *Environmental Plan Making Guideline 2023*".

Planning Proposal requests will require external planning expertise on behalf of the applicant. It is recommended that a suitably qualified and experienced planning consultant be engaged for the preparation of planning proposal applications, and other specialist consultants may also be needed to provide technical input in support of the proposed changes. The application must include an accurate assessment of the likely impacts of the change in land use and identify any land constraints, supported by technical investigations. Any study that is deemed necessary to assess the suitability of the proposal and may have a significant bearing on Council's decision making about whether to proceed with preparing a planning proposal, will be required prior to a report being prepared for Council.

Council staff may refuse to accept the submission of a planning proposal request if the proposal is deemed to be lacking the necessary information and detail required of a planning proposal, as outlined in this section. The date of formal lodgement will be the date on which Council has received all the required information, and lodgement fees have been paid.

Any change of proponent must be made in writing by the original proponent, and the NSW Planning Portal is to be updated to reflect this change.

A Planning Proposal can be withdrawn by the proponent prior to a request for a Gateway Determination. If a proponent requests a Planning Proposal to be withdrawn after the Gateway Determination has been issued this does not prevent Council from progressing a Planning Proposal.

Fees

For applicable fees and charges, please refer to Wollongong City Council's *Schedule of Fees and Charges*. The proponent is required to pay the prescribed fee associated with preparing a planning proposal as outlined in Council's Fees and Charges. The proponent is also required to pay for any required technical studies.

LEGISLATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A Local Environmental Plan (LEP) is a legal document which guides development and land use within a particular Local Government Area. The LEP generally comprises a written document and accompanying maps and states whether development:

- Is permissible on the land;
- Is subject to specific restrictions, including controls on height, minimum land area, floor space, heritage, acid sulphate soils, flooding etc;
- Requires consent of Council.

LEPs are also used to reserve land for open space, schools, transport and other public purposes, as well as control advertising and protect vegetation. The law outlining the process for making a LEP is the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (the EP&A Act)*, administered by the NSW Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure. The majority of land within the Wollongong Local Government Area, whether privately owned, leased or publicly owned, is subject to the controls set out in the relevant LEP, typically the Wollongong LEP 2009. Three precincts are controlled under State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPPs) - land at McCauleys Beach, Thirroul and Calderwood is zoned under State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts - Regional) 2021 and development within the port of Port Kembla is controlled under the State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021.

Council has the ability to amend the Wollongong LEP 2009 as the need arises. Regular reviews of the LEP occur to implement policy changes that have been guided by the adoption of strategies which have been prepared and exhibited. This is the preferred approach. However, Council may also consider requests for LEP amendments where such a change is warranted, via the planning proposal process.

REVIEW

This Policy will be reviewed every two years from the date of each adoption of the Policy, or more frequently as required.

A resolution of Council is required to adopt any variations to this policy, with the exception of minor

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administrative changes, such as updates to legislative references, which may be endorsed by the Executive Management Committee (EMC). Endorsement of administrative changes made to this policy by EMC does not alter the requirement for it to be reviewed and adopted by each Term of Council.

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

- Council, or an Independent Planning Panel, can request that the Minister for Planning terminates a Planning Proposal at any point of the process, including after all investigations, analysis and community engagement has been completed. However, proponents can request an independent review of decisions if Council has refused or failed to respond to a Planning Proposal;
- Council officers may seek an extension of time from the Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure for the completion of a Planning Proposal should Council resources be required on other higher priority projects;
- The Planning Proposal process can occur over a number of years, depending on the nature and complexity of the proposal, and there are several key milestones that need to be achieved along the way. With each one there is a risk for the process to cease;
- Council officers may decline to accept the lodgement of a planning proposal request, where the application content is deemed inadequate;
- Council officers may, based on a preliminary desktop assessment of a submitted planning proposal request, determine that the information submitted is not satisfactory and should not be reported to the Local Planning Panel, or a Council meeting. This may arise where the initial review of the information submitted reveals that the proposal is inconsistent with local and/or state policy, does not demonstrate strategic and/or site-specific planning merit, or is subject to insurmountable environmental constraint etc;
- Council Officers may request a proponent withdraw a Planning Proposal if the proponent has failed to respond to Council's request for further information within the timeframe specified in the request, and an extension of time has not been requested and/or approved by Council Officers.
- Referral of the Planning Proposal to agencies and/or the Local Planning Panel may result in additional reports or information being requested. Applicants are advised that agencies or the Local Planning Panel may or may not support the Planning Proposal.
- The proponent is responsible for the payment of any studies, specialist advice, or consultancies as required during the LEP amendment process;
- Time of lodgement does not determine the priority of processing and progressing of an amendment – it is necessary to prioritise proposals to ensure those providing the greatest public benefit are given preference over those servicing individual interest or are of limited benefit to the greater Wollongong community;
- The Planning Proposal request must be accompanied by the relevant fee. Part of the initial fee is refundable should the Planning Proposal process be terminated or be unsuccessful. The second part of the fee (if Council resolved to support the preparation of a Planning Proposal) is not refundable. If the Regional Planning Panel support a Planning Review and the Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure issues a Gateway determination, the second fee is payable;
- Council gives no undertaking that the processing of a Planning Proposal will result in the requested LEP amendment occurring. It is possible that all the steps in the process can be completed and an amendment declined by Council, the Independent Planning Panel, or the Minister for Planning; and
- A rezoning given effect by a successful Planning Proposal does not necessarily mean that a later development application for subdivision or other development will be automatically supported or approved. Any later development application will need to be lodged separately and assessed on its merits and consistency with relevant planning controls.

PLANNING PROPOSAL

APPROVAL AND REVIEW	
Responsible Division	City Strategy
Date/s adopted	
Date/s of previous adoptions	7 May 2018, 23 May 2022
Date of next review	May 2026