

ITEM 3 WOLLONGONG CBD NIGHT TIME ECONOMY POLICY UPDATE

Wollongong City Council endorsed the Wollongong CBD Night Time Economy Council Policy in November 2020 to support the local Night Time Economy (NTE). This policy provided clarity to local operators regarding operating hours permitted in the CBD and development application requirements for these businesses while encouraging a diverse NTE and supporting low impact businesses.

This policy was implemented to support the continual evolution of the NTE in the Wollongong CBD, with ongoing growth in the number of new cafes, restaurants and small bars, adding to Wollongong's cosmopolitan café lifestyle.

The policy has been in place for two years and has been reviewed. Consultation with stakeholders has been undertaken to evaluate how the policy has performed. Overall, the policy has been well received and the review has identified a few, mainly administrative changes to either remove outdated references or clarify a particular aspect. This report outlines the proposed amendments to the policy and seeks Council's endorsement to these changes.

RECOMMENDATION

Council endorse the draft Wollongong CBD Night Time Economy Council Policy

REPORT AUTHORISATIONS

Report of: Sue Savage, Manager Community Cultural + Economic Development
Authorised by: Kerry Hunt, Director Community Services - Creative and Innovative City

ATTACHMENTS

- 1 Draft Wollongong CBD Night Time Economy Council Policy

BACKGROUND

The Wollongong CBD has undergone a massive transformation over the last decade. The CBD has attracted substantial levels of investment with \$1.9B of projects completed or under construction. Looking ahead, there is an exciting pipeline of \$1B in mixed use, residential and commercial projects.

This policy was implemented to support the continual evolution of the NTE in the Wollongong CBD, with ongoing growth in the number of new cafes, restaurants and small bars, adding to Wollongong's cosmopolitan café lifestyle. A recent audit of the Wollongong CBD shows that there are around 183 cafes/small bars/restaurants in CBD. This represents a contraction of ~4% (8 businesses) over the last three years, which also reflects challenging trading conditions during COVID.

Over the last decade, there has been a significant uplift in residents and workers in the Wollongong CBD. According to the 2021 Census there were 24,396 people employed in the CBD on the census night. This accounts for 30% of the total 86,541 Wollongong LGA local workers. 40% of employed Shellharbour residents, and 25% of Kiama residents also work in the Wollongong LGA. The number of people living in the Wollongong CBD was 21,000; an increase of 23% since 2011, double the rate of growth LGA wide.

Coinciding with the investment by the private sector has been Council's own infrastructure investment, amenity and placemaking activities which have all contributed to the strong growth in the evening economy with new restaurants and small bars.

The Wollongong CBD has increasingly become a safer place, with more people living and working in the CBD. For example, data from the NSW Bureau of Crime Statistics and Research (BOCSAR) demonstrates that incidents of Alcohol Related Assault (non-domestic) occurring during the night (6pm-6am) per 100,000 population has decreased at a rate of 5.6% per annum over the last decade in the CBD.

The important role of the Night Time Economy is recognised by both the NSW Government and Wollongong City Council in a number of their strategic documents.

Noise Complaints

This policy is aimed at smaller low impact businesses – not larger venues such as large established pubs, registered clubs and larger nightclubs, many of which have benefited from historic approvals enabling later closing times. These legacy venues which attract the majority, if not all complaints have not been assessed or approved within the current CBD context, climate and societal expectations. There are around 20-25 licensed venues which are already operating beyond midnight, all benefitting from historic approvals.

Data from Council's Regulation and Enforcement team show that since the implementation of the policy, there have been approximately 30 noise complaints relating to businesses trading into the night in the Wollongong CBD. The vast majority of these relate to larger and existing venues that did not benefit from the policy and only three related to smaller venues under the remit of this policy.

Data from Liquor and Gaming NSW indicate of all the complaints they have received during this period only one was related to a venue who has been assessed under this policy, again indicating that the majority of noise complaints are coming from larger existing venues who are operating under historic DAs.

Regarding resident amenity expectations, all properties in the CBD are subject to a Planning Certificate which identifies applicable legislation and environmental issues relevant to a property. This certificate provides information on the zoning and whether it is affected by bushfires, flooding, road widening and other issues. It was a recommendation of the Wollongong Council Live Music Taskforce back in 2014, that planning certificates issued for properties in the Wollongong CBD clearly identified these areas have capacity to trade in the evening and to alert the recipient to issues such as noise, later trading businesses, traffic, events and increased visitation, etc of locations in the city with live music and evening economy character.

The notation on the certificate is worded as follows:

The Wollongong City Centre and Town Centres, play a key role in accommodation cultural, sporting and business uses.

A key to the revitalisation of these centres is to build on these aspects through greater activation and investment beyond 5pm through an evening economy.

Future residents should be aware that these uses may generate noise, odour, traffic and have longer hours of operation, which is part of living in/near a commercial centre.

The notation is provided to increase awareness and manage expectations of residents about amenity impacts associated with inner city living. The notation does not however affect the management of noise under relevant legislation and policies including the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act*.

PROPOSAL

The general consensus amongst key stakeholders has been that the policy has been successful since its adoption over the last two years. The policy in turn has been utilised by Council in undertaking 35 assessments of new and expanding businesses, enabling 13 additional venues in the CBD to operate until 2am. This has occurred despite a difficult and highly uncertain environment for the hospitality sector, largely due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

The original policy specifically targeted low impact venues and businesses in limited land use zones in the Wollongong CBD. The policy established operating hours and DA requirements for these businesses, incentivising cultural contribution to the NTE via consideration of extended hours for those businesses which provide a culturally valuable offering, besides the service of food and drink. It also allowed certain businesses to operate until 2am on certain nights of the week, provided they meet zoning and residential interface criteria.

It should be noted that the original policy only applied to certain land uses listed in the LEP but excluded pubs and registered clubs due to potential for high patron numbers and established impacts associated with these uses. The hours of operation for pubs and clubs would be considered on merit in consultation with Wollongong Police. The policy seeks to benefit those businesses which have been the catalyst for the evolution of the NTE in recent years.

Due to the success of the 2020 policy, only minor amendments are proposed to the policy. These are largely administrative in nature and include clarification of the original intent of the policy, removing dated references and other administrative changes. No significant changes to the scope of the policy are proposed.

These amendments are largely 'technical' and not substantive so that the scope or intent of the policy has not significantly changed. They would assist in assessing some DAs that technically didn't apply to the policy at the time it was initially adopted.

The proposed amendments include:

Pg 2 – SCOPE

- Include new employment zones.
- Include new definition – 'Artisan food and drink industry', to accommodate inclusion in land use table.

Pg 2/3 – POLICY

- Permit maximum hours on 'days' preceding public holidays'.
- Move reference to days from indoor hours column to new column 'days' for clarity.
- Amend to include new employment zone reference.
- Amend 'Cultural Venue or Event' table to permit additional hours (up to 24 hours) in special circumstances (eg World Cup precinct, NYE event, etc).
- Make reference to Outdoor Dining, a separate approval process to the DA governing operating hours.
- Amend paragraph referencing 24 hours to reference special events, drive through/shift work services.
- Update Residential Interface acoustic report requirements to reflect current references.

Pg 6/7 – APPENDIX

- Inclusion of 'Artisan food and drink industry' definition.
- Amend 'Cultural Venue' to 'Cultural Venue or Event' to include reference to temporary use/event.
- Inclusion of 'Indoor area' definition.
- Inclusion of 'Outdoor area' definition.

CONSULTATION AND COMMUNICATION

Significant engagement and consultation was undertaken during the design of the original policy, including internal workshops with relevant areas within Council, as well as meetings with the NSW Police Wollongong Crime Prevention Officer and Licensing Sergeants and industry.

Over the last few months, engagement has been undertaken with relevant areas within Council, including the City Centre team, Property Services, Regulation & Enforcement, Development Certification and Assessment and Economic Development. Other external consultation has occurred with the NSW Licensing Police and Office of Liquor and Gaming.

A meeting was held with the NSW Police Wollongong Crime Prevention Officer and Licensing Sergeants on Tuesday, 7 March 2023. Overall, the police were generally supportive of the policy's performance over the last two years as well as the proposed amendments to the policy. They agreed the policy has been functioning well, noting the venues it supports largely do not raise concerns.

Given the largely technical/housekeeping nature of the proposed amendments, public exhibition if not considered necessary.

PLANNING AND POLICY IMPACT

This report contributes to the delivery of Our Wollongong 2032 Goal 2 "We have an innovative and sustainable economy".

It specifically delivers on core business activities as detailed in the Economic Development [CSP Strategy and DP Services](#).

The importance of the NTE is recognised in Council's Economic Development Strategy 2019-2029, which includes the following planning related action item 5.4: 'Develop a planning and policy framework to support the ongoing evolution of Wollongong's evening economy.'

Creative Wollongong 2019-2024 contains 22 action items specific to 'Our City After Dark'. Specific action items include: a commitment to develop a planning and policy framework to support the ongoing evolution of the evening economy, a review of hours of operation for small bars in the CBD and an investigation of incentives to encourage later trade of retail and other businesses beyond 5pm.

Council is also an active member of the Night Time Economy Councils Committee which advocates to the NSW Government on NTE related policy matters, who have also made a recent submission to the NSW Government with a range of initiatives to support the sector in a post COVID-19 recovery phase.

RISK MANAGEMENT

This policy has been in place for more than two years and the risks associated with the minor administrative changes to the policy are low.

CONCLUSION

Council is committed to ensuring a vibrant NTE in the Wollongong CBD and has been implementing a range of initiatives to attract more people to live, work and play in the CBD. The introduction of this policy in 2020 was only one of a number of these initiatives, to help assist small bars with bringing people into socialise in the CBD safely.

This policy has been successful over the past two years. It has been utilised by Council in undertaking 35 assessments of new and expanding businesses and enabled 13 additional venues in the CBD to operate until 2am, amidst the uncertainty of the COVID-19 pandemic.

These amendments to the policy are purely administrative in nature and have been developed in consultation with stakeholders.



WOLLONGONG CBD NIGHT TIME ECONOMY COUNCIL POLICY

ADOPTED BY COUNCIL: [TO BE COMPLETED BY GOVERNANCE]

PURPOSE

Wollongong City Council determines the operating hours for businesses seeking to trade at night in the Wollongong CBD through the development assessment process.

Whilst businesses trading at night have the potential to create environmental and social impacts, this policy recognises that many businesses are low impact premises that make an important contribution to the diversity and vitality of Wollongong's Night Time Economy.

This policy seeks to provide clarity regarding appropriate locations and hours of operation for these businesses.

POLICY INTENT

- Establish appropriate hours of operation for businesses in the Wollongong CBD.
- Concentrate low impact businesses which trade at night in appropriate locations.
- Provide clarity to proponents, regulatory bodies and the community regarding trading at night.
- Mitigate potential impacts of businesses trading at night on residents and other business.
- Establish requirements for development applications for businesses seeking to trade at night.

The main objectives of this policy are to:

1. Enable the ~~ong-g~~oing cultural evolution of the Wollongong CBD Night Time Economy.
2. Provide a consistent, clear and transparent assessment process for proponents.
3. Encourage a safe Night Time Economy that is comprised of vibrant and diverse businesses.
4. Foster good relations between residents of the Wollongong CBD and businesses which trade at night.
5. Concentrate appropriate venues within Wollongong LGA's established night trading precinct.

WOLLONGONG 2028-2032 OBJECTIVES

This policy supports the following Wollongong 2028-2032 objectives:

- We have an innovative and sustainable economy.
- We have a creative, vibrant city.

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SCOPE

~~This policy applies to land zoned B3 Commercial Core / E2 Commercial Centre, B4 Mixed Use / MU1 Mixed Use and SP3 Tourist within the Wollongong City Centre, as defined by the Wollongong Local Environmental Plan 2009.~~

~~This policy applies to businesses seeking to operate beyond 10pm, including the following land uses: Amusement centre, Artisan food and drink industry, Cultural venue or event, Entertainment facility, Function centre, Information and education facility, Kiosk, Markets, Recreation facility (indoor), Recreation facility (major), Restaurant or café, Shop, Small bar and Take away food and drink premises. See APPENDIX 1 – DEFINITIONS for explanation of the applicable land uses.~~

~~This policy also applies to temporary and mobile land uses, including special events, pop-up venues and mobile food and drink outlets.~~

~~This policy does not supersede the provisions of the Liquor Act 2007 or State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 with regard to hours of operation.~~

~~This policy applies to land zoned E2 Commercial Centre, MU1 Mixed Use and SP3 Tourist within the Wollongong City Centre, as defined by the Wollongong Local Environmental Plan 2009.~~

~~This policy applies to businesses seeking to operate beyond 10pm, including the following land uses: Amusement centre, Artisan food and drink industry, Cultural venue or event, Entertainment facility, Function centre, Information and education facility, Kiosk, Markets, Recreation facility (indoor), Recreation facility (major), Restaurant or café, Shop, Small bar and Take away food and drink premises. See APPENDIX 1 – DEFINITIONS for explanation of the applicable land uses.~~

~~This policy also applies to temporary and mobile land uses, including special events, pop-up venues and mobile food and drink outlets.~~

~~This policy does not supersede the provisions of the *Liquor Act 2007* or State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 with regard to hours of operation.~~

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POLICY

1 OPERATING HOURS

Most businesses may operate within-until the maximum operating hours listed in Tables 1 and 2, subject to development assessment or outdoor dining application.

Table 1: Operating Hours – General

LAND USE ZONE	<u>DAY</u>	<u>INDOOR AREA HOURS</u>	OUTDOOR AREA WITHOUT RESIDENTIAL INTERFACE	OUTDOOR AREA WITH RESIDENTIAL INTERFACE
<u>E2 Commercial Centre</u> , <u>B3 Commercial Core</u> , <u>E2 Commercial Centre</u>	<u>Thursday, Friday, Saturday and days preceding public holiday only</u>	2am <u>Thursday</u> <u>Friday</u> <u>Saturday only</u>	2am	12am (midnight)
<u>MU1 Mixed Use</u> , <u>SP3 Tourist</u> , <u>B4 Mixed Use</u> , <u>MU1 Mixed Use</u> , <u>SP3 Tourist</u>	<u>Friday, Saturday and days preceding public holiday only</u>	2am <u>Friday</u> <u>and</u> <u>Saturday only</u>	12am (midnight)	10pm

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Table 2: Operating Hours – Cultural Venue or Event

<u>LAND USE ZONE</u>	<u>DAY</u>	<u>INDOOR AREA HOURS</u>	<u>OUTDOOR AREA WITHOUT RESIDENTIAL INTERFACE</u>	<u>OUTDOOR AREA WITH RESIDENTIAL INTERFACE</u>
<u>E2 Commercial Centre B3 Commercial Core/E2 Commercial Centre</u>	<u>Thursday, Friday, Saturday and days preceding public holiday only</u>	<u>2am</u>	<u>2am</u>	<u>2am</u>
<u>MU1 Mixed Use SP3 Tourist B4 Mixed Use/MU1 Mixed Use SP3 Tourist</u>	<u>Friday, Saturday and days preceding public holiday only</u>	<u>2am</u>	<u>2am</u>	<u>12am (midnight)</u>
<u>Additional Hours of Operation</u> <u>In special circumstances that necessitate operation beyond that provided in this table (e.g. event of national or international significance, substantial cultural contribution, unforeseen circumstances etc), additional hours of operation may be approved on a temporary basis provided it is demonstrated that no significant ongoing adverse impact will result.</u> <u>In special circumstances that necessitate operation beyond that provided in this table (e.g. event of national or international significance, substantial cultural contribution, unforeseen circumstances etc), additional hours of operation may be approved on a temporary basis provided it is demonstrated that no significant ongoing adverse impact will result.</u>				
<u>LAND USE ZONE</u>	<u>INDOOR HOURS</u>	<u>OUTDOOR AREA WITHOUT RESIDENTIAL INTERFACE</u>	<u>OUTDOOR AREA WITH RESIDENTIAL INTERFACE</u>	
<u>B3-Commercial Core</u>	<u>2am</u> <u>Thursday, Friday and Saturday only</u>	<u>2am</u>	<u>2am</u>	
<u>B4 Mixed Use SP3 Tourist</u>	<u>2am</u> <u>Friday and Saturday only</u>	<u>2am</u>	<u>12am (midnight)</u>	

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On the days not listed in the tables, operating hours will be generally limited to 12am (midnight), or 10pm where an outdoor area has a residential interface.

In some unique circumstances, non-licenced uses requiring extended access and operation may be permitted to operate outside these hours, up to 24 hours a day, where assessed as appropriate ~~(e.g. 24-hour gyms, emergency services, businesses specifically servicing shift workers (due to service offering and site location), etc).~~

2 RESIDENTIAL INTERFACE

A site is considered to have a residential interface where there is a clear physical, visual or acoustic interface with residential accommodation located on the subject lot, on an adjoining or adjacent site, or where the development site adjoins a residential zone. This includes instances where an interface is interrupted by a road.

There may be instances where the physical characteristics of the site or built form clearly interrupt such an interface. In these instances, a variation to the residential interface controls may be considered.

An acoustic report may be required where an application proposes to operate until or beyond ~~12am~~ (midnight) and has a residential interface.

The report must be prepared by a member of the Australian Acoustical Society or the ~~Association of Australasian Acoustical~~ Consultants and be submitted with the development application. The report must assess the noise both indoor and outdoor and recommend a suitable attenuation plan to meet applicable noise criteria provided by the NSW Environmental Protection ~~Agency~~ Authority, ~~Independent Liquor & Gaming Authority~~ and Liquor & Gaming NSW.

3 TRIAL PERIOD

Where trade beyond midnight is approved, a condition of consent will be placed on any consent issued limiting the operation within proposed hours up to 24 months. At the cessation of the trial period the hours will revert to reduced hours.

The applicant may apply to modify the consent to extend the trial period or to remove the condition permanently. The assessment of the trial period will be based on:

- Site inspections by Council officers during the trial period.
- Consideration of formal customer complaints to Council.
- Submissions made during exhibition period.
- Consultation with Wollongong Police and Liquor & Gaming NSW.
- Relevant crime statistics.
- Other relevant planning considerations.

4 DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT

The businesses to which this policy applies generally require development consent and an application made under Part 4 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. Part 4 of ~~this~~ Act provides the matters for consideration in the assessment of such an application.

In addition to the hours provided in Tables 1 and 2, the assessment of operating hours will be based on:

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- Proximity to residential development, sensitive land uses and other late trading premises.
- Impact on acoustic amenity.
- Scale of proposal and patron capacity.
- Suitability of Venue Plan of Management.
- Safety, security and crime prevention impacts on site and the public domain.
- Accessibility of transport options.
- Potential Social impacts.
- Submissions made during exhibition period.
- Consultation with Wollongong Police.
- Cultural contribution to the Night Time Economy.

5 VENUE PLAN OF MANAGEMENT

A Venue Plan of Management will be required to be submitted with the development application which seeks to operate until or beyond 12am (midnight).

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The Venue Plan of Management must be developed in consultation with the Wollongong Police and must include information that addresses the following matters:

ALL LAND USES

- Description of the primary use of the premises as well as any secondary or ancillary use.
- Hours of operation for all indoor and outdoor areas.
- Maximum patron capacity.
- Staff numbers.
- Security measures, including security, CCTV, visual surveillance and lighting.
- Noise management measures, including internal and outdoor areas.
- Waste management, including storage and disposal procedure.
- Emergency procedures.
- Consultation undertaken in development of this venue plan of management.
- Management of queuing outside the premises, including measures to mitigate impacts on local amenity and use of the footpath.
- Management of patron behaviour when leaving the premises, including measures to preserve local amenity.

LICENCED VENUES ONLY

- Incident management system.
- Complaint management system.
- Current or proposed liquor licence details.
- Management of patrons ~~whom~~who are intoxicated, violent, refused service or asked to leave.
- For venues operating beyond midnight, consideration of 12am or 1am last entry policy.

Council may request further information regarding the management of premises if it is considered that the proposal will adversely impact on the amenity of the area or as required by the Wollongong Police.

The Venue Plan of Management is to be reviewed on an annual basis in consultation with the Wollongong Police. The consultation is to be commenced at least three months before the end of the annual period.

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

ROLE	RESPONSIBILITY
Development Assessment and Certification Development Project Officer	Consider provisions of policy in assessment of development applications.

RELATED POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

A City for People

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

Liquor Act 2007

NSW Government - Guide for Establishing and Managing Night Time Economy Uses

State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

Wollongong Development Control Plan 2009

Wollongong Local Environmental Plan 2009

[Our Wollongong Our Future 2032 Community Strategic Plan](#)

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APPENDIX

1 DEFINITIONS

Note: With exception of 'cultural venue', the listed land use definitions are consistent with those contained in the Wollongong Local Environmental Plan 2009.

Amusement centre	means a building or place (not being part of a pub or registered club) used principally for playing— (a) -billiards, pool or other like games, or (b) -electronic or mechanical amusement devices, such as pinball machines, computer or video games and the like.
<u>Artisan food and drink industry</u>	<u>means a building or place the principal purpose of which is the making or manufacture of boutique, artisan or craft food or drink products only. It must also include at least one of the following —</u> (a) — a retail area for the sale of the products, (b) — a restaurant or cafe, (c) — facilities for holding tastings, tours or workshops.
Business premises	means a building or place at or on which— (a) -an occupation, profession or trade (other than an industry) is carried on for the provision of services directly to members of the public on a regular basis, or (b) -a service is provided directly to members of the public on a regular basis and and includes: a funeral home and, without limitation, premises such as banks, post offices, hairdressers, dry cleaners, travel agencies, internet access facilities, betting agencies and the like, but does not include an entertainment facility, home business, home occupation, home occupation (sex services), medical centre, restricted premises, sex services premises or veterinary hospital.
Cultural venue <u>or event</u>	means a venue or premises otherwise listed in this policy, <u>or special event</u> , that provides an offering that contributes to the cultural diversity of the Wollongong CBD, beyond the service of food and drink. This can include art, museum, recreation, live music, theatre, entertainment and the alike.
Entertainment facility	means a theatre, cinema, music hall, concert hall, dance hall and the like, but does not include a pub or registered club.
Function centre	means a building or place used for the holding of events, functions, conferences and the like, and includes convention centres, exhibition centres and reception centres, but does not include an entertainment facility.
<u>Indoor area</u>	<u>means an area that is internal to a building and that is capable of being fully enclosed.</u>
Information and education facility	means a building or place used for providing information or education to visitors, and the exhibition or display of items, and includes an art gallery, museum, library, visitor information centre and the like.
Kiosk	means premises that are used for the purposes of selling food, light refreshments and other small convenience items such as newspapers, films and the like.

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Market	means an open-air area, or an existing building, that is used for the purpose of selling, exposing or offering goods, merchandise or materials for sale by independent stall holders, and includes temporary structures and existing permanent structures used for that purpose on an intermittent or occasional basis.
<u>Outdoor area</u>	<u>means an area that is external to a building and that is not capable of being fully enclosed.</u>
Recreation facility (indoor)	means a building or place used predominantly for indoor recreation, whether or not operated for the purposes of gain, including a squash court, indoor swimming pool, gymnasium, table tennis centre, health studio, bowling alley, ice rink or any other building or place of a like character used for indoor recreation, but does not include an entertainment facility, a recreation facility (major) or a registered club.
Recreation facility (major)	means a building or place used for large-scale sporting or recreation activities that are attended by large numbers of people whether regularly or periodically, and includes theme parks, sports stadiums, showgrounds, racecourses and motor racing tracks.
Residential accommodation	means a building or place used predominantly as a place of residence, and includes any of the following: (a) -attached dwellings, (b)- boarding houses, (c)- dual occupancies, (d) -dwelling houses, (e) -group homes, (f) -hostels, (g)- multi dwelling housing, (h) -residential flat buildings, (i) -rural workers' dwellings, (j) -secondary dwellings, (k) -semi-detached dwellings, (l) -seniors housing, (m) -shop top housing, but does not include tourist and visitor accommodation or caravan parks.
Restaurant or cafe	means a building or place the principal purpose of which is the preparation and serving, on a retail basis, of food and drink to people for consumption on the premises, whether or not liquor, take away meals and drinks or entertainment are also provided.
Shop	means premises that sell merchandise such as groceries, personal care products, clothing, music, homewares, stationery, electrical goods or the like or that hire any such merchandise, and includes a neighbourhood shop and neighbourhood supermarket, but does not include food and drink premises or restricted premises.
Small bar	means a small bar within the meaning of the <u>Liquor Act 2007</u> .
Take away food and drink premises	means premises that are predominantly used for the preparation and retail sale of food or drink (or both) for immediate consumption away from the premises.

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APPROVAL AND REVIEW	
Responsible Division	[Name of Division]
Date adopted by Council	[To be inserted by Corporate Governance]
Date/s of previous adoptions	[List previous adoption dates]
Date of next review	[Not more than two years from last adoption]